Sunderland HOMELESSNESS FORUM

Sunderland City Council

21 November 2018

TODAY'S PROGRAMME

Opening of the Forum

Cllr Stuart Porthouse

Why Preventing and tackling Homelessness is so Important

Graham King, Sunderland City Council

The Way Forward – Sunderland's Homelessness Strategy

Gill Lawson, Sunderland City Council

Work on the Ground

Helen Aitchison and Graham Ord, Changing Lives

Question Time

The Homelessness Reduction Act 6 Months on

Steve McKinley, MHCLG

Workshops

Close

LUNCH



WELCOME

Cllr Stuart Porthouse

Portfolio Holder for Housing and Regeneration



WHY PREVENTING AND TACKLING HOMELESSNESS IS SO IMPORTANT

Graham King

Head of Commissioning, Sunderland City Council





WHY PREVENTING AND TACKLING HOMELESSNESS IN THE CITY IS SO IMPORTANT

Background and journey so far Statutory obligations and developments Poor outcomes for people



AVERAGE AGE OF DEATH (2001-2009)

Homeless

General Population



Men 48 years



Men Women 74 80

years

years



Current developments Collaboration is the key to success





WHY PREVENTING AND TACKLING HOMELESSNESS IN THE CITY IS SO IMPORTANT

THE WAY FORWARD – SUNDERLAND'S HOMELESSNESS STRATEGY

Gill Lawson

Homelessness and Hostel Manager, Sunderland City Council





SUNDERLAND ROUGH SLEEPING AND HOMELESSNESS PREVENTION STRATEGY 2019-2021





Potential parental exclusion

Potential termination of assured shorthold tenancy



Potential relative/friend exclusion



Relationship breakdown non-violent



Not recorded

9.2%



Domestic violence involving partner







ROUGH SLEEPERS STRATEGY



Sunderland HOMELESSNESS FORUM

Help people to remain in their own homes and prevent homelessness



Support our most vulnerable groups (intervention)



Provide sustainable housing solutions (recovery)



Develop and maintain partnership working and strategic direction





SUNDERLAND ROUGH SLEEPING AND HOMELESSNESS PREVENTION STRATEGY 2019-2021

WORK ON THE GROUND – TRANSLATING STRATEGY INTO ACTION

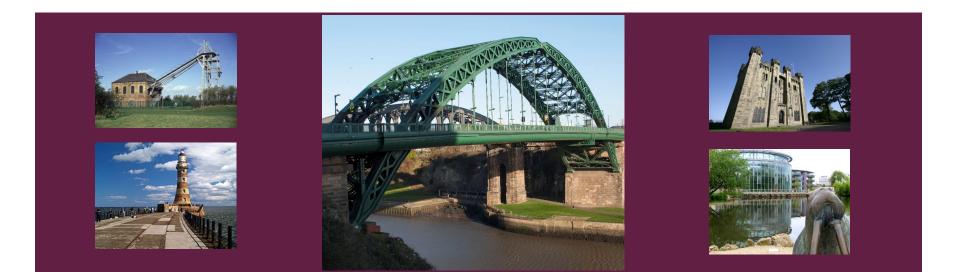
Helen Aitchison and Graham Ord

Changing Lives



CHANGING LIVES IN SUNDERLAND

CHANGING LIVES





Changing Lives arrived in 2012 as The Cyrenians and since then it has brought in over $\pounds 1,000,000$ in funding to the city, helping to develop over 10 significant initiatives to support the most excluded individuals, their families and communities.

6

CHANGING LIVES

CURRENT SERVICES

- Homeless Response Service
- Homeless Veterans Service
- Homeless Hospital Prevention Service
- Sanctum Service
- CDAS
- GAP and MAP / Sanctuary Hub
- Ready to Work Service
- WEAR Recovery



HOUSING FIRST CLIENT



WHO WE ARE?



We support:

- Over 7,000 people supported each month
- Over 100 projects offering life-changing support

Our services:

- Homelessness
- Drug and Alcohol
- Women and Families
- Employment

THEORY OF CHANGE

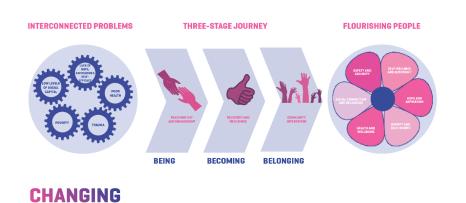
www.changing-lives.org.uk

THEORY OF CHANGE

@ChangingLives_

LIVES

ChangingLivesCharity



Therapeutic Recovery through a trauma informed understanding

- Strength based work that dissolves "label" Status whilst still validating experience
- Flexible Service Delivery and Co-production
- Personalised approach of choice, control and involvement
- Peer led
- Assertive Outreach, Refer and Accompany

OUR SERVICES ARE







Housing first is a cross Borough Initiatives





South Tyneside Council

- 21 Entrenched homeless individuals supported in their own homes
- 13 of which have spent over 16 months of stability with representation as homeless
- No reoffending from the 15 Individuals with a previous history of offending
- 18 GP registrations which has stopped their presentation at A&E services
- IO Mental Health assessments that have led to meaningful treatment
- 8 Women supported with their complex needs who could not access mainstream provision
- I4 Referrals into recovery services

HOUSING FIRST

Sunderland in Numbers



- No First Night Out 33
- No Second Night Out 27
- 302 Brief interventions that prevented rough sleeping and representation as homeless



ROUGH SLEEPERS

Sunderland in Numbers

- "This is the best house I have ever lived in and it is great to know when something like the boiler goes off I can ring and it will be fixed"
- "It shows what a decent house and some support can do...I have struggled all my life and it feels this is the first time someone has actually helped me...not just supervised my kids and me, but actually helped."
- "Changing Lives? You've certainly changed my life"
- "It's safe and I now can think about what has happened to me in my life. But it's positive because I can get help to deal with it."
- "Life is hard, it always has been, but I have a chance now and it's on my terms and it's my choices."









- Changing Lives homeless services to continue in Sunderland
- Changing Lives and partners to continue to be part of the development, delivery and review of the Homeless Strategy in Sunderland utilising a robust consortium approach to prevention and responding and ending homelessness
- Sunderland to continue to develop pragmatic and pioneering responses to homelessness (i.e CL's Housing First Sustainment Worker, Sanctum)
- Standardised strategy, toolkit and response to individuals needs throughout Sunderland
- Sunderland to be at the voice for the North East to influence National strategies and agenda

RECOMMENDATIONS

The Future

QUESTION TIME



THE HOMELESSNESS REDUCTION ACT SIX MONTHS ON

Steve McKinley

Homeless Advice Support Team, MHCLG





Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government

The Homelessness Reduction Act Six Months on

Steve McKinlay

Homelessness Advice and Support Team



Overview

- Brief background to the Act and support on implementation
- Feedback on progress to date from local authorities
- Rough Sleeping update

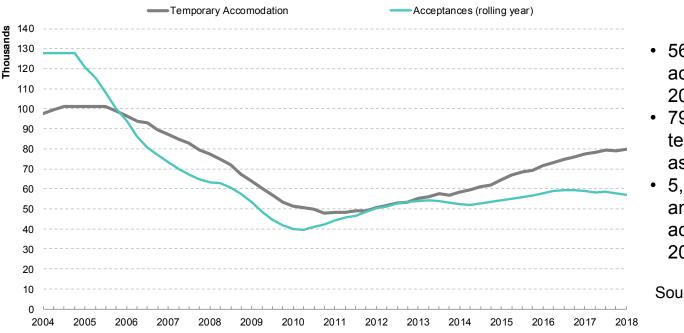


Trends in homelessness

Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government

The Homelessness Reduction Act was introduced in a context of rising acceptances and numbers of households in temporary accommodation.

The number of households accepted as homeless and in temporary accommodation, Q1 2004 to Q1 2018 (000s)



- 56,580 households were accepted as homeless 2017-18
- 79,880 households were in temporary accommodation as at 31 March 2018;
- 5,940 households in bed and breakfast (B&B) accommodation at 31 March 2018.

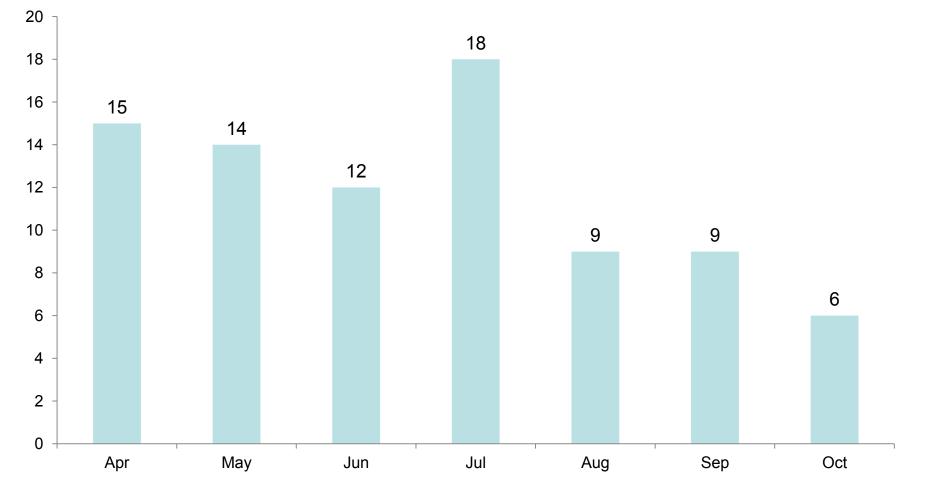
Source: MHCLG P1E

Since 2010 homeless acceptances and the associated use of temporary accommodation and bed and breakfast have been increasing – although in the last year there has been a decrease in acceptances and reduction of families in B&B over 6 weeks



2004-2018 Sunderland data

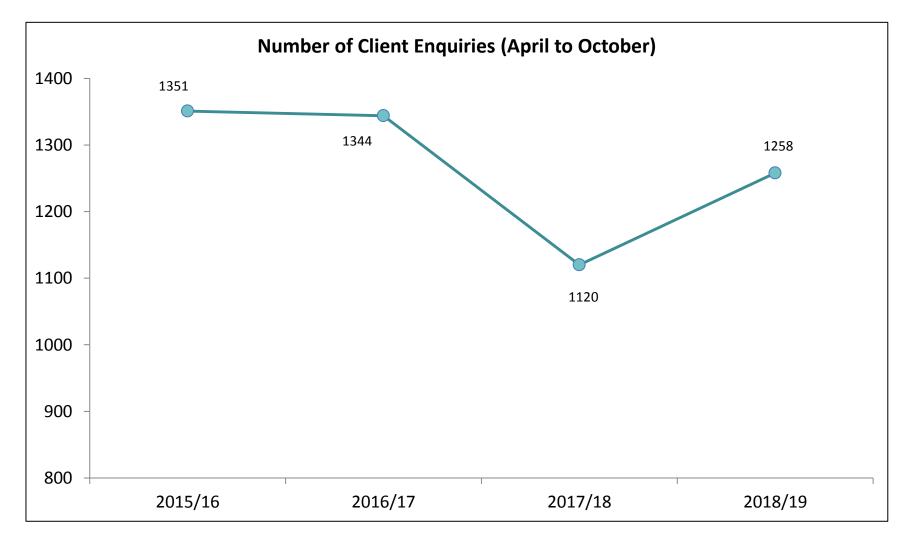
Temporary Accommodation started since April 2018



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Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government

2004-2018 Sunderland data





Homelessness Reduction Act

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Shifts local authority approach to homelessness from less crisis intervention to more prevention, ensuring more people are entitled to help

Background

Before 3 April 2018

- Housing Act 1996 Part 7 remains the primary legislation
- Prior to April 2018 the principal duty was to secure accommodation for applicants who were eligible, homeless or threatened with homelessness within 28 days and who had a 'priority need' for housing and were homeless unintentionally
- Homelessness Reduction Act 2017 amended the 1996 Act, introducing new statutory duties to act to prevent and relieve homelessness for all eligible applicants who are homeless or threatened with homelessness within 56 days

- Single people with no clear priority need were entitled to 'advice and assistance', but their needs were often not assessed
- Prevention activity was 'good practice', but not compulsory – crisis response at the point of homelessness was commonplace
- The process involved an application, officers undertaking inquiries, assessing an applicant against the statutory tests and making a decision, without needing to involve the applicant in finding possible solutions

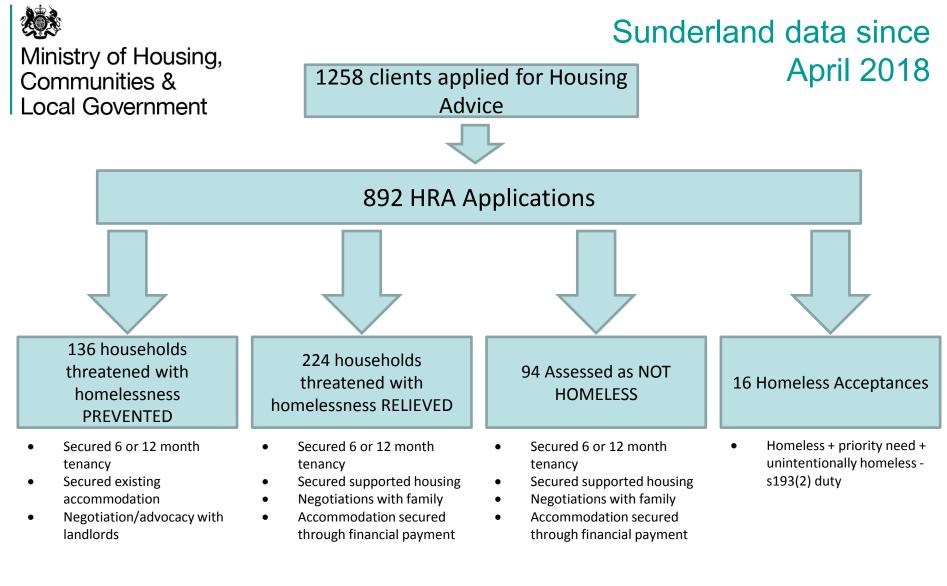
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- All eligible applicants have a full assessment of their housing and support needs.
- Local connection, intentionality and priority need are not a barrier to accessing support.
- Applicants and authorities work together to prevent or relieve homelessness.



Homelessness Reduction Act

The Act placed a number of new duties on local housing authorities

- Expanded advice and information duty: Available to all residents regardless of eligibility. Advice must be designed to meet the needs of particular groups: care leavers, former members of the armed forces, people leaving custody, victims of domestic abuse, people leaving hospital and people with mental health issues.
- **Prevention duty :** Owed to all eligible applicants threatened with homelessness in the next 56 days irrespective of 'local connection', 'priority need' or 'intentional homelessness'. Includes tenants served with a valid Section 21 notice (no fault eviction) which expires within 56 days.
- Relief duty : Owed to people who are actually homeless and lasts for 56 days, irrespective of 'priority need' or 'intentional homelessness'. The local authority may refer to another authority if the applicant has no local connection to their authority



As well as...

25 applications withdrawn prior to assessment

2 Hungry Dogs fed

83 households placed in TA 48 people funded for hostel accommodation



Duty to refer

Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government

Will encourage local housing authorities and other public authorities to build stronger partnerships focussed on early help and intervention and to build more integrated pathways and services.

It will help ensure that people who face the threat of homelessness are identified earlier through their contacts with public authorities and get referred for help

The duty applies to:

- Prisons and youth offender institutions;
- Secure training centres and Secure colleges;
- Youth offending teams;
- Probation services (including community rehabilitation companies);
- Jobcentre Plus;
- Social service authorities;
- Emergency departments and Urgent treatment centres;
- Hospitals in their function of providing inpatient care;
- Secretary of State for defence in relation to members of the armed forces.

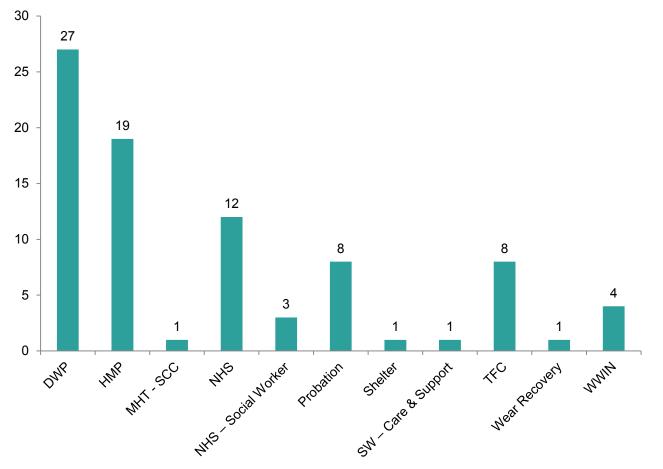
Consent is needed prior to a referral being made.

We have provided support ahead of 1 October to other government departments

- We worked with OGDs to publish guidance aimed at the specified public authorities.
- We also gave LGA feedback on their guidance
- DWP and MoJ produced operational guidance for their public authorities. DHSC also produced guidance for hospitals. DfE wrote to Directors of Children's Services and put information in a weekly bulletin.
- We asked local authorities to adopt a standard email address for referrals (<u>dutytorefer@localauthority.gov.uk</u>) and to date most LAs have adopted this and we are working with the rest to encourage them to do so



Sunderland duty to refer stats



Public authority referral received from



	OGD responsibilities
Department of Health and Social Care	 Rapid audit of gaps in provision of substance abuse and mental health services [with aim to provide up to £30m from 19/20] Safeguarding Adult Reviews
Ministry of Justice	 Offender accommodation pilots Increased accountability for prison Governors and Community Rehabilitation Companies
Department of Work and Pensions	 Homelessness experts in every Jobcentre Plus Improving guidance & practice sharing for work coaches & external stakeholders Exploring how welfare works for Housing First
Home Office	 Targeted immigration casework support A national point of contact for assistance with immigration status
Department for Education	Additional support for care leavers at risk of rough sleeping
Department for Culture Media and Sport	Expanding the social finance market including SIBs



Support for implementation and work on homelessness prevention

To support the implementation of the new legislation we have:

- **Updated** the Homelessness Code of Guidance
- **Provided £72.7 million** in new burdens funding (Sunderland £73, 876)
- Committed to **review the Act** within 2 years
- Established the Homelessness Advice and Support Team (HAST) who offer advice and support to local authorities on preventing homelessness and implementing the Act
- **Funded Trailblazers** are trying out new approaches to prevention that others can learn from, including some 'upstream' interventions
- LB Southwark was funded as an 'early adopter' of the HRA. They hosted visits and shared their learning and tools on request with large numbers of authorities



Other support to prevent and relieve homelessness

A range of funding to support work on homelessness and rough sleeping

- Flexible Homelessness Support Grant £617 million ring-fenced funding from 2017/18-2019/20. Funding breakdown 2017/18: £196 million: 2018/19: £206 million, 2019/20: £215 million.
- Sunderland received £84,215 Flexible Homeless Support Grant funding for 2018/19.
- **Private Rented Access Scheme funding** On 10 October we launched this £20 million fund to enable better access to the PRS for those who are or threatened with homelessness. Funding is to prevent single homelessness and reduce households in TA.



Early key messages coming through from local authorities

The Act represents a major shift in practice, organisation, and culture which will take some time to bed in. Some areas are facing delivery challenges

- Some authorities in high demand areas are reporting that the administrative burden of the Act combined with new case management systems and the requirements of reporting H-CLIC data are challenging
- Footfall has not increased significantly in most authorities but associated casework has, with more duties owed and cases held open longer for prevention and relief work
- Availability of accommodation to prevent and relieve homelessness affecting outcomes- including access to social housing, PRS and supported housing
- Some LAS reporting increase in TA, partly due to improved assessment and offer for single people, but also because the strong focus on delivering the HRA has led to less resource in the short term going into management of TA



Rough Sleeping Building on the Homelessness Reduction Act, there is greater focus on rough sleeping. To help meet the commitment to halve the number of people rough sleeping by 2022 and to eliminate it altogether by 2027 we have published the Rough Sleeping Strategy

Rough Sleeping Initiative 2018/19

- 83 local authorities reporting highest levels of rough sleeping
- £30 million for this year to have immediate impact on reducing rough sleeping
- New team of Advisers working with local authorities
- Reporting to Secretary of State regularly on progress

Rough Sleeping Initiative 2019/20

- Allocated a further £34 million provisionally to the 83 authorities
- Expressions of Interest letters to all other authorities regarding a further £11 million funding available.

Rapid Rehousing Pathways for rough sleepers:

From the Government's Rough Sleeping Strategy - EOI requested from local areas wishing to be early adopters of new provision: 15 Somewhere Safe to Stay hubs; Social Lettings Agencies; Supported Lettings and new Navigator roles to support people rough sleeping.

£14 million this year and additional funding next year for other areas.



Homelessness and Rough Sleeping Strategies

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/homelessness-code-of-guidance-for-localauthorities/chapter-2-homelessness-strategies-and-reviews





Thanks for listening

Steve McKinlay HAST@communities.gov.uk

WORKSHOPS

A GIVE YOUR VIEWS ON THE CITY'S HOUSING ALLOCATION SCHEME

Café/reception area – Liz McEvoy

B CHALLENGES FOR HOMELESSNESS – INPUT INTO THE CITY'S EMERGING HOMELESSNESS STRATEGY

Main room – Gill Lawson



CLOSING REMARKS AND MOVING FORWARD

Cllr Stuart Porthouse

Portfolio Holder for Housing and Regeneration



Sunderland HOMELESSNESS FORUM

